



Anglo-Chinese School (Primary)

**END OF YEAR EXAMINATION 2013
ENGLISH LANGUAGE
PAPER 2 (BOOKLET A)
PRIMARY FIVE**

Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 5 _____

Date: 23 October 2013

Duration of paper: 1h 50 min

Parent's/Guardian's signature

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES


1. This question paper consists of 14 printed pages.
2. Do not turn this page until you are told to do so.
3. Follow all instructions carefully.
4. Shade your answer on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

Study the advertisement below and then answer the questions that follow it.

From the
FAMOUS INTERNATIONAL CHAIN

Chocolate World

INTRODUCING THE FIRST OUTLET IN SINGAPORE!



Winner of
Twenty-five Awards
Worldwide

Finally, it's here!
Singapore's first
CHOCOLATE WORLD outlet!

Come join us at Mall Singa during our Grand Opening on 1 December 2013 and enjoy a host of special offers and promotions!

Special early-bird offers (limited to first 20 customers on our opening day ONLY)

- 50% off all Galivo Chocolates from Italy
- 30% off all Milk Choco Gems
- 20% off all Chocolate Truffles and Australian Nougatines

To celebrate the opening of our very first Singapore outlet, we will be offering our Choco High Tea Deluxe Set at the special promotional price of \$24.90 for the whole month of December 2013! (Normal Price: \$30.90)

Choco High Tea Deluxe Set

4 sachets of Chocolate Inc's Special Hot Chocolate Mix

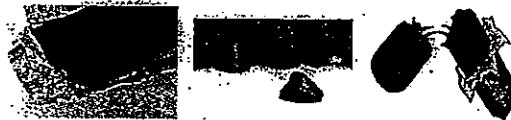
4 Fine Choco-Chip Muffins

4 Australian Nougatines

4 Crème Caramel Milk Choco Gems



Many other
NEW products
await!



New Products include: Premium Choco Pralines,
Luxurious Dark Chocolate Truffles, Tropical
Fruit Burst Choco Gems, Exotic Flavour Favours

For each question from 1 to 5, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). (5 marks)

1. This poster is for a shop named _____.

- (1) Mall Singa
- (2) Chocolate World
- (3) Milk Choco Gems
- (4) Australian Nougatines

2. Chocolate World is a group that _____.

- (1) is based in Singapore
- (2) specialises in making muffins
- (3) has outlets in many different countries
- (4) has many different outlets in Singapore

3. Janet wants to buy some Australian Nougatines at 20% off the normal retail price. She will have to _____.

- (1) buy Galivo Chocolates and Milk Choco Gems as well
- (2) buy the Choco High Tea Deluxe Set on 1 December 2013
- (3) go to the Chocolate World outlet during its Grand Opening
- (4) be the first 20 customers at the Chocolate World outlet on 1 December 2013

4. In order to buy the Choco High Tea Deluxe Set for \$24.90, Irene has to go to Chocolate World _____.

- (1) anytime in December 2013 only
- (2) during their Grand Opening only
- (3) anytime after December 2013 only
- (4) during the first two weeks of December 2013 only

5. Which one of the following statements is true?

- (1) Chocolate World has won 25 awards in Singapore.
- (2) There are 16 items in the Choco High Tea Deluxe Set.
- (3) Chocolate World's new products include Tropical Fruit Pralines.
- (4) Early bird offers are available throughout the month of December.

For each question from 6 to 12, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (7 marks)

6. "Did you hear me _____ while I was in the kitchen just now?" asked Mother.
- (1) sing
 - (2) sang
 - (3) sung
 - (4) sings
7. Timothy ran _____ an old friend of his while he was at the shopping centre yesterday.
- (1) by
 - (2) into
 - (3) over
 - (4) across
8. Aunt Sally took Tom and _____ on a cruise to Penang during the June holidays.
- (1) I
 - (2) we
 - (3) me
 - (4) she
9. Mother made Samantha _____ the floor as she had dirtied it yesterday.
- (1) mop
 - (2) mops
 - (3) mopped
 - (4) mopping
10. The mechanic _____ we asked to repair our car did a fabulous job.
- (1) when
 - (2) which
 - (3) whom
 - (4) whose

11. _____ it had not rained today, the rugby match would still have been cancelled.

- (1) If
- (2) Since
- (3) Unless
- (4) Even if

12. Mrs Lim screamed when she saw the lizard scuttle _____ her path.

- (1) at
- (2) on
- (3) inside
- (4) across

For each question from 13 to 15, choose the correct punctuation to complete the passage. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (3 marks)

"It stopped me in my tracks," Dr Helgen told BBC News. "Olinguito's skins were a rich red colour and when I looked at the skulls, I didn't recognise the anatomy. It was different from any similar animal I'd seen (13) and right away I thought, it could be a species new to science."

"This reminds us that the world is not yet explored and the age of discovery is far from over (14) says Dr Helgen. "The Olinguito makes us think - what else is out there (15) It seems that there is more to be discovered out there in the world."

Adapted from *Olinguito: 'Overlooked' mammal carnivore is major discovery* by Jane O'Brien

- | | | | |
|-----|-----|---------|-------------------------------|
| 13. | (1) | [.] | full stop |
| | (2) | [,] | comma |
| | (3) | [-] | hyphen |
| | (4) | [:] | colon |
| | | | |
| 14. | (1) | [.] | full stop |
| | (2) | [,] | comma |
| | (3) | [. "] | full stop and inverted commas |
| | (4) | [, "] | comma and inverted commas |
| | | | |
| 15. | (1) | [,] | comma |
| | (2) | [;] | semi-colon |
| | (3) | [?] | question mark |
| | (4) | [!] | exclamation mark |

For each question from 16 to 20, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

16. That racehorse is as fast as a/an _____. It comes in first at every race
- (1) tiger
 - (2) snake
 - (3) cheetah
 - (4) antelope
17. In some countries, the education system is on the _____ of collapse.
- (1) tip
 - (2) edge
 - (3) frame
 - (4) verge
18. The resemblance between the two boys often made others exclaim that they were like _____.
- (1) peas in a pod
 - (2) bees in the hive
 - (3) sardines in a can
 - (4) pork in the barrel
19. Jennifer was horrified to see her husband _____ in blood.
- (1) dipped
 - (2) drenched
 - (3) saturated
 - (4) immersed
20. The elephant seals were _____ in the warm sunshine on the rock beach.
- (1) baking
 - (2) running
 - (3) basking
 - (4) swimming

For each question from 21 to 25, choose the word(s) closest in meaning to the underlined words. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.
(5 marks)

Taxonomy is the classification of objects and organisms in the world around us. It is the foundation stone of science and the system we use to categorise our complex natural world. Around one million insect species have

(21)

been named and described to date. However, there are an estimated 8 to 10 million living insect species on Earth, meaning new species are being discovered everyday. Scientists who study insects, called entomologists, are coming up with ever more imaginative names, referencing everything from

(22)

musicians to childish jokes, to meet the demand. Early humans needed to

(23)

name the things around them so they knew what was dangerous and tainted.

(24)

This expertise is an important process of the human brain and arguably how

(25)

we have survived as a species.

Adapted from *From Beyonce to Electra: What inspires insect names?* by BBC Radio

21. (1) Similarly
(2) Possibly
(3) Probably
(4) Approximately
- 22 (1) using up
(2) trying out
(3) thinking of
(4) working on

23. (1) need
(2) request
(3) requirement
(4) specification
24. (1) polluted
(2) indigestible
(3) nauseating
(4) contaminated
25. (1) simplistic
(2) systematic
(3) complicated
(4) fundamental

Read the passage below and answer questions 26 to 30.

Ten years ago, the world was in a panic over a mysterious illness - SARS. The virus killed hundreds and infected thousands. However, its impact would have been far more devastating if a handful of doctors and nurses had not acted the way they did.

In 2003, Dr Olivier Cattin was working at the French hospital in Hanoi in North Vietnam. "We got to the Friday of the week and there was only one nurse left on our ward who was able to treat the other nurses."

It was the end of February that year. A Chinese-American man, Johnny Chen, arrived with what appeared to be a bad flu.

In a matter of days, nearly 40 people at the hospital had fallen ill. Some nurses and doctors had fallen ill as well. Seven would go on to die. This was where the deadly disease known as Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) first appeared.

It was highly contagious, quick to spread, and often deadly. More than 8,000 people around the world were infected. More than 770 died. However, this is a story about people, not statistics. When you know more about SARS and the people who battled it, you will be overwhelmed by the experiences and the heroism of those who stood on the frontline. We often use war to represent the fight against diseases. In the case of the fight against SARS, it was most accurate.

At the French hospital in Hanoi, panic set in as the doctors looked at the X-rays of all those who had fallen ill. They knew they were facing something very serious and extremely unusual. The virus was highly unusual. It was most infectious when its victims were at their most unwell and usually in hospital care. This meant that nurses and doctors were usually the ones who were infected.

Because of this, the worst cases occurred in a few hospital wards and intensive care units in a handful of major cities. In these hospitals, the virus spread like **wildfire**. When Johnny Chen and some of the first nurses and doctors to care for him all died, people were shocked. They began to understand what they were facing and the risk it posed to the world outside.

They knew all the risks and dangers. Then they took the incredible step of locking themselves in, away from the city to protect it and their country.

"I've never met such amazing doctors and nurses as I did in North Vietnam," says Cattin. "I lost five colleagues - they were friends. We're the survivors of this outbreak."

Adapted from SARS: The people who risked their lives to stop the virus by Kevin Fong

For each question from 26 to 30, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.
(5 marks)

26. According to the passage, SARS would have killed many more people if not for _____.

- (1) a few war heroes
- (2) the actions of heroic medical staff
- (3) SARS' unusual pattern of transmission
- (4) the small number of hospitals and wards

27. People who learn more about SARS would _____.

- (1) appreciate their health and well-being
- (2) know it was not a very serious disease
- (3) be saddened by the death of people they know
- (4) be moved by the bravery of the people who sacrificed their lives

28. The word 'wildfire' in the passage meant that many _____.

- (1) people were infected without warning
- (2) patients suffered high fever that burnt them
- (3) people were quick to quarantine themselves
- (4) buildings were burnt to stop the spread of SARS

29. The SARS virus was most infectious when patients were _____.

- (1) healthy
- (2) very sick
- (3) recovering
- (4) newly-infected

30. From the passage, we learnt that the doctors and nurses _____.

- (1) working in the hospital were all French
- (2) in the hospital knew how SARS spread
- (3) who treated SARS patients were protected
- (4) put their lives at risk while working in the hospital



Anglo-Chinese School (Primary)

END-OF-YEAR EXAMINATION 2013
ENGLISH LANGUAGE
PAPER 2 (BOOKLET B)
PRIMARY FIVE

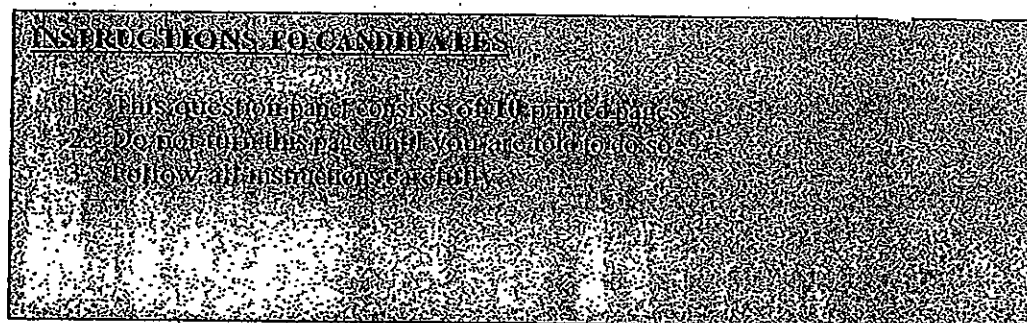
Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 5 _____

Date: 23 October 2013

Duration of paper : 1h 50 min

Parent's/Guardian's signature



No.	Contents	Marks	Marks Obtained
1.	Oral	30	
2.	Listening Comprehension	20	
3.	Situational Writing	15	
	Continuous Writing	40	
4.	Language Paper	95	
Total Marks		200	

There are 10 blanks, numbered 31 to 40, in the passage below. From the list of words given, choose the most suitable word for each blank. Write its letter (A to Q) in the blank. The letters (I) and (O) have been omitted to avoid confusion during marking. (10 marks)

EACH WORD CAN BE USED ONLY ONCE.

- | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| (A) a | (D) at | (G) for | (K) of | (N) was |
| (B) although | (E) but | (H) from | (L) that | (P) who |
| (C) as | (F) by | (J) in | (M) the | (Q) with |

In the play *The Merchant of Venice*, Shylock was a Jewish moneylender who had amassed an immense fortune by lending money at high rates to Christian merchants. He was a hard-hearted man _____ demanded the payment of money he lent _____ so much cruelty that he was disliked by many people, particularly Antonio, a young Christian merchant.

Antonio was the kindest man who lived in Venice at _____ time. Unlike Shylock, Antonio used to lend money to people _____ distress and would never take any interest _____ the money he lent. Antonio's best friend _____ Bassanio. In order to help Bassanio marry a lady by the name of Portia, Antonio was forced to borrow money _____ Shylock. When Antonio was unable to repay _____ loan by the due date, Shylock made an unreasonable demand, with the intention _____ mocking Antonio.

Portia became the heroine of the story when she disguised herself _____ a man and assumed the role of a lawyer's apprentice. She outwitted Shylock in court and saved Antonio's life.

Adapted from *Tales from Shakespeare* by Charles and Mary Lamb

Correct each word in **bold** for spelling and each underlined word for grammar. Write the correct word in the relevant box. (10 marks)

About 7000 years ago, farmers began to move into an area of land between

(41)

(42)

the Tigris and Euphrates rivers. This **furtile** land was called Mesopotamia, at what is now Iraq.

(43)

To the south of Mesopotamia was the land of Sumer. The Sumerians are very

(44)

inventive. They developed the first form of **wraitting** and recording numbers, and invented the wheel and the plough.

(45)

(46)

The Sumerians grown bumper crops of **seereals** which they traded for things

(47)

they needed – wood, stones or metals. Their **ingeneous** invention of wheeled carts and their skills in using numbers helped the Sumerians to develop long-distance trade with the crops that they had harvested.

(48)

Mesopotamia was watering by the Tigris and Euphrates rivers which flooded

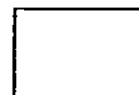
(49)

in spring. The farmers dug out basins and **cannels** so the river water could be

(50)

stored and use to water fields away from the river. As a result, the land of Sumer was well-irrigated and harvests were good.

Adapted from The Sumerians – Big Book of Knowledge



Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

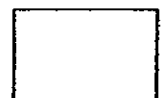
(15 marks)

A foreign friend from another Asian country had spent several days in Singapore recently. At the end of her stay, I asked her what she liked most about Singapore. I was _____ her to refer to our food, our cleanliness, The Esplanade or Sentosa, but she said quite simply, "Your trees."
(51)

This set me thinking. It is true that the other leading cities of Asia such as Tokyo, Hong Kong and Bangkok have relatively fewer trees. Singapore _____ out as a city of trees, parks and gardens. It wears a very green
(52) visage.

Most Singaporeans have little _____ about the trees that
(53) surround them and take them for _____. I once asked an artist friend who
(54) often _____ trees in his paintings, what sort of trees they were. He then
(55) confessed that he did not know. On another occasion, I was asked to _____ a speech about Singapore in a conference. A sudden inspiration
(56) led me to pick three trees to _____ the colonial era, the Lee Kuan Yew
(57) era and the Goh Chok Tong era, respectively.

I said that the colonial era was like a royal palm tree – tall, aloof, with a small canopy. The colonial administration did not _____ for many of the
(58) people's needs. The Lee Kuan Yew era was like a banyan tree – a strong and much revered tree with a huge canopy. The government, led by our Founding Fathers, had to look _____ many areas concerning the survival of the young nation. The
(59)



Goh Chok Tong era was like a tembusu tree, a magnificent tree that provided a comfortable _____ for Singaporeans, setting the backdrop for the nation to grow and prosper.

(60)

Trees and human beings have an interdependent relationship. Trees _____ carbon dioxide and release oxygen. Humans _____ in oxygen and exhale carbon dioxide. Our trees help to keep our air quality good and in turn keep us _____. It is sad, but unfortunately true, that most of the major cities of Asia are plagued by air pollution that adversely _____ the health of their citizens. The incidence of asthma in this region, especially among children, is on the _____. Planting trees is one of the best practices that Singapore has instituted, which other cities in Asia should emulate.

(61)

(62)

(63)

(64)

(65)

Adapted from *Chicken Soup for the Singapore Soul – The Trees of Singapore* by Tommy Koh

For each of the questions 66 to 70, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in **one** sentence. The meaning of your sentence must be the same as the meaning of the given sentence(s). (10 marks)

66. The soldiers were brave and disciplined. The commander was impressed.

The commander was impressed by _____

67. Siti would rather cook than sew.

_____ prefers _____

68. James asked his mother if she had decided what present to buy for Father's birthday.

James asked his mother, " _____
_____?"

69. We were very surprised that our school team eventually won the tennis championship.

Much _____

70. We did not understand what Kevin said.

None of _____



Salvatore smiled as he held the shoes up to the light. His sister would look lovely in church the next day. Then his eye caught a droplet of glue seeping out from between the cardboard sole and the piece of canvas he had used for the toe. He carefully angled his tool to scrape off the adhesive without scuffing the white canvas. There, now they were perfect. At that moment, Salvatore knew without a doubt that his passion in life was to design and craft shoes. 5

Salvatore Ferragamo was born in 1898 in Bonito, Italy, a small town not far away from Naples. He was the eleventh of fourteen children, and though his family was full of love, they were poor. When four of Salvatore's older brothers left for America with dreams of striking it rich, they wanted him to go with them. However, Salvatore was not ready to leave Italy yet. He wanted to learn the art and science of shoemaking by apprenticing with a shoemaker in Naples first. 10

Not long after, his brothers wrote from America with news that they had found work in Boston; one was even working in a boot factory. Salvatore was intrigued by the idea of mass producing shoes. So far, all the shoes he had made had been produced by hand, which was time consuming. Learning to manufacture hundreds or even thousands of shoes at one time seemed to be the way of the future. Salvatore started saving his money and by fourteen, he had joined his brother in America. 15

The factory in Boston turned out to be a disappointment. While the machinery was fascinating, the end products were far from comfortable – heavy, stiff and awkwardly shaped. Salvatore then realised the true value of handcrafted shoes. He wanted to make shoes that were comfortable and stylish. 20

While working in America, Salvatore observed that the movie business was booming. The first movie studio in Hollywood opened in 1911 and by 1919, Salvatore knew that was where he wanted to be. Who better to design and make shoes for than the popular movie stars? He then bought a shop in Hollywood where he became known as the "Shoemaker for the Stars". Though the movie stars loved his fashionable and unique creations, Salvatore's shoes were not known for being comfortable. 25 30

Not one who rested on his laurels, Salvatore thought he could do better. He started attending anatomy classes at the University of Southern California, studying the way the bones connect in the foot and which part of the foot holds the majority of a person's weight. With his new found knowledge, Salvatore began to make

small changes in his shoe designs so that his clients would purchase shoes that 35
were not only fashionable, but also comfortable. Salvatore's perseverance paid off.
His shoes became even more popular and before long he could not make shoes
fast enough to keep up with all his customers' orders.

When the time was right for Salvatore to further expand his shoes business in
the mid-1920s, he felt that the American shoemakers did not have the same focus 40
on quality that he deemed was of utmost importance. Imbued with the value of
loyalty for his own country, Salvatore decided to expand his business by moving
back to Italy. In 1927 he opened his shop in Florence, Italy. He designed the
workshop carefully by combining assembly line techniques he had learnt in the
Boston boot factory with the manual shoe-making techniques he had been 45
practising for years.

Adapted from *Boys Who Rocked The World* by Michelle Roehm McCann

ALL ANSWERS MUST BE IN COMPLETE SENTENCES.

71. What does "they" in the first paragraph refer to?

72. Which word in paragraph 1 tells us that Salvatore was extremely thrilled about making shoes?

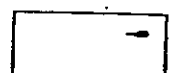
73. In paragraph 2, explain why Salvatore did not leave Italy with his brothers.

74. What fascinated Salvatore when he was in America and why?

75. What does "end products" in line 21 refer to?

76. Why did Salvatore think it was a good move to design and make shoes for the movie stars?

77. Which seven-word phrase between lines 31 to line 38 suggests that Salvatore was someone who believed in constantly improving himself?



78. ^{Why}~~What~~ did Salvatore attend anatomy lessons in the university?

79. From the passage, how do we know that Salvatore's perseverance paid off?

80. Give two reasons why Salvatore decided to return to Italy in the mid-1920s.

~ END OF PAPER ~



Answer Key

EXAM PAPER 2013

SCHOOL : ACS

SUBJECT : PRIMARY 5 ENGLISH

TERM : SA2

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17
2	3	4	1	2	1	2	3	1	3	4	4	2	4	3	3	4

Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30	Q31	Q32	Q33	Q34
1	2	3	4	3	1	4	4	2	4	1	2	4	P	Q	L	J

Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40
G	N	H	M	K	C

41)fertile 42)in 43)were 44)writing 45)grew

46)cereals 47)ingenious 48)watered 49)canals 50)used

51)expecting 52)stands 53)knowledge 54)granted 55)included

56)give 57)represent 58)provide 59)into 60)shade

61)absorbs 62)breathe 63)healthy 64)affects 65)rise

66)The commander was impressed by the soldiers' bravery and discipline.

67)Siti prefers cooking to sewing.

68)James asked his mother, "Have you decided what present to buy for Father's birthday?"

- 69) Much to our surprise, our school team eventually won the tennis championship.
- 70) None of us understood what Kevin said.
- 71) The word refer to the shoes that Salvatore had made for her sister.
- 72) The word is "passion".
- 73) Salvatore wanted to learn the art and science of shoemaking by apprenticing with a shoemaker in Naples before leaving Italy.
- 74) Salvatore was fascinated by the idea of mass producing shoes as he had been making by hand thus far.
- 75) It refers to the shoes that were mass produced at the Boston factory.
- 76) The movie stars could help to popularize Salvatore's shoes.
- 77) The phrase is "Not one who rested on his laurels".
- 78) He was motivated to make shoes that were both fashionable and comfortable.
- 79) His shoes became even more popular and could not make shoes fast enough to keep up with the customers order.
- 80) He felt that the American shoemakers did not have the same focus of quality and he was loyal to his own country Italy.